



Application for Section 504 Loans

Section Two: Information Required to be Submitted by each Associate of the Applicant

Each Associate of the Applicant must separately complete and sign this Section. If the Applicant is operating under an EPC/OC structure, each of the EPC's and OC's Associates must complete and sign this section.

Name (Last, First, Middle)		Former Names and Dates Used	
U.S. Citizen?	USCIS Registration # (if Legal Permanent Resident)	If a non-US citizen or LPR, provide Country of Citizenship	
Yes No			
Place of Birth (City and State or Foreign Country)		SSN or IRS TIN	Date of Birth
Phone Number (Home or Cell)		Home Address (Street, City, State, Zip code)	

Answer the following Yes/No Questions and Initial to the Right of Each Answer **Initial**

1. Do you have an ownership interest in any other entity that has existing SBA loans? **Yes** **No** _____
 If yes, provide loan numbers and current status: _____

2. Are you presently subject to an indictment, criminal information, arraignment, or other means by which formal criminal charges are brought in any jurisdiction? **Yes** **No** _____
If yes, the Applicant is not eligible for SBA assistance

3. Have you been arrested in the last 6 months for any criminal offense? **Yes** **No** _____
 If yes, please provide relevant documents as a part of Exhibit 28

4. For any criminal offense – other than a minor vehicle violation – have you ever: **Yes** **No** _____
 1) been convicted; 2) pleaded guilty; 3) pleaded nolo contendere; 4) been placed on pretrial diversion; or 5) been placed on any form of parole or probation (including probation before judgment)? (If “Yes,” furnish the dates, locations, fines, sentences, level of charge (whether misdemeanor or felony), dates of parole/probation, unpaid fines or penalties, name(s) under which charged, and any other pertinent information as part of Exhibit 28)

5. Are you presently suspended, debarred, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal Department or agency? **If yes, the Applicant is not eligible for SBA assistance** **Yes** **No** _____



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6. If you are a 50% or more owner of the Applicant, are you more than 60 days delinquent on any obligation to pay child support arising under an administrative order, court order, repayment agreement between the holder and a custodial parent, or repayment agreement between the holder and a state agency providing child support enforcement services? **If yes, the Applicant is not eligible for SBA assistance** Yes No _____
7. Have you ever declared bankruptcy? Yes No _____
If yes, please provide relevant documents as a part of Exhibit 27
8. Are you currently the subject of any pending lawsuits (including divorce)? Yes No _____
If yes, please provide relevant documents as a part of Exhibit 27
9. Has the Applicant or any affiliated company of the Applicant as well as any Associate of the Applicant received any previous government financing? Yes No _____
If yes, please provide relevant documents as a part of Exhibit 9

Veteran/Gender/Race/Ethnicity Information

This data is collected for program reporting purposes only. Disclosure is voluntary and has no bearing on the credit decision.

Categories	Category Codes	Response
Veteran	1=Non-Veteran; 2=Veteran; 3=Service-Disabled Veteran; 4=Spouse of Veteran; X=Not Disclosed	
Gender	M=Male; F=Female; X=Not Disclosed	
Race	1=American Indian or Alaska Native; 2=Asian; 3=Black or African American; 4=Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; 5=White; X=Not Disclosed	
Ethnicity	H=Hispanic or Latino; N=Not Hispanic or Latino; X=Not Disclosed	

Criminal Penalties for False Statements – The undersigned certifies that all information provided in this Section Two is true and complete to the best of his or her knowledge. The undersigned acknowledges that whoever makes any false statement or report, or willfully overvalues any land property or security for the purpose of influencing in any way the action of the SBA under the Small Business Investment Act, as amended, may be fined up to \$250,000 and/or be put in jail for up to 5 years under 18 USC § 1001, may be fined not more than \$5,000 and/or put in jail for not more than 2 years under 15 USC § 645, and if false statements are submitted to a Federally insured institution, may be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000,000 or by imprisonment for up to 30 years, or both, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1014. The undersigned further acknowledges that, in connection with a 504 loan, submission of any false statement to the CDC or SBA or submission of any record to the CDC or SBA omitting material information can result in civil money penalties and additional monetary liability up to three times the amount of damages which the Government sustains because of the false statement under the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. 3729.

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Print Name: _____

Signer's Relationship with Applicant Business: _____

PLEASE READ, DETACH, AND RETAIN FOR YOUR RECORDS
STATEMENTS REQUIRED BY LAW AND EXECUTIVE ORDER

SBA is required to withhold or limit financial assistance, to impose special conditions on approved loans, to provide special notices to applicants or borrowers and to require special reports and data from borrowers in order to comply with legislation passed by the Congress and Executive Orders issued by the President and by the provisions of various inter-agency agreements. SBA has issued regulations and procedures that implement these laws and executive orders. These are contained in Parts 112, 113, and 117 of Title 13 of the Code of Federal Regulations and in Standard Operating Procedures.

Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a)

Any person can request to see or get copies of any personal information that SBA has in his or her file when that file is retrieved by individual identifiers such as name or social security numbers. Requests for information about another party may be denied unless SBA has the written permission of the individual to release the information to the requestor or unless the information is subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.

Under the provisions of the Privacy Act, you are not required to provide your social security number. Failure to provide your social security number may not affect any right, benefit or privilege to which you are entitled. Disclosures of name and other personal identifiers are, however, required for a benefit, as SBA requires an individual seeking assistance from SBA to provide it with sufficient information for it to make a character determination. In determining whether an individual is of good character, SBA considers the person's integrity, candor, and disposition toward criminal actions. Additionally, SBA is specifically authorized to verify your criminal history, or lack thereof, pursuant to section 7(a)(1)(B), 15 USC Section 636(a)(1)(B) of the Small Business Act (the Act). Further, for all forms of assistance, SBA is authorized to make all investigations necessary to ensure that a person has not engaged in acts that violate or will violate the Act or the Small Business Investment Act, 15 USC Sections 634(b)(11) and 687(b)(a), respectively. For these purposes, you are asked to voluntarily provide your social security number to assist SBA in making a character determination and to distinguish you from other individuals with the same or similar name or other personal identifier.

The Privacy Act authorizes SBA to make certain "routine uses" of information protected by that Act. One such routine use is the disclosure of information maintained in SBA's investigative files system of records when this information indicates a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal, or administrative in nature. Specifically, SBA may refer the information to the appropriate agency, whether Federal, State, local or foreign, charged with responsibility for, or otherwise involved in investigation, prosecution, enforcement or prevention of such violations. Another routine use is that SBA may disclose the information maintained in SBA's investigative files to other Federal agencies conducting background checks to the extent the information is relevant to the requesting agencies' function. In addition, another routine use is that SBA may transfer information related to a debt that a person is delinquent in paying to SBA in connection with its loan programs for publication on a computer database system maintained by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, or other Federal agency, to allow searches by participating Government agencies and approved private lenders, consistent with applicable law. SBA and its authorized lenders may also use this computer database system to perform a computer match to determine a loan applicant's credit status with participating agencies of the Federal Government. See Revision of Privacy Act System of Records, 74 F.R. 14890 (April 1, 2009) and 77 F.R. 61467 (October 9, 2012) for additional background and other routine uses, which may be amended from time to time.

Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3401) -- This is notice to you as required by the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978, of SBA's access rights to financial records held by financial institutions that are or have been doing business with you or your business, including any financial institutions participating in a loan or loan guaranty. The law provides that SBA shall have a right of access to your financial records in connection with its consideration or administration of assistance to you in the form of a Government guaranteed loan. SBA is required to provide a certificate of its compliance with the Act to a financial institution in connection with its first request for access to your financial records, after which no further certification is required for subsequent accesses. The law also provides that SBA's access rights continue for the term of any approved loan guaranty agreement. No further notice to you of SBA's access rights is required during the term of any such agreement. The law also authorizes SBA to transfer to another Government authority any financial records included in an application for a loan, or concerning an approved loan or loan guarantee, as necessary to process, service or foreclose on a loan guaranty or collect on a defaulted loan guaranty.

Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552)

This law provides, with some exceptions, that SBA must supply information reflected in agency files and records to a person requesting it. Information about approved loans that will be automatically released includes, among other things, statistics on our loan programs (individual borrowers are not identified in the statistics) and other information such as the names of the borrowers (and their officers, directors, stockholders or partners), the collateral pledged to secure the loan, the amount of the loan, its purpose in general terms and the maturity. Proprietary data on a borrower would not routinely be made available to third parties. All requests under this Act are to be addressed to the nearest SBA office and be identified as a Freedom of Information request.

Flood Disaster Protection Act (42 U.S.C. 4011) -- Regulations have been issued by the Federal Insurance Administration (FIA) and by SBA implementing this Act and its amendments. These regulations prohibit SBA from making certain loans in an FIA designated floodplain unless Federal Flood insurance is purchased as a condition of the loan. Failure to maintain the required level of flood insurance makes the applicant ineligible for any financial assistance from SBA, including disaster assistance.

Executive Orders -- Floodplain Management and Wetland Protection (42 F.R. 26951 and 42 F.R. 26961) -- SBA discourages settlement in or development of a floodplain or a wetland. This statement is to notify all SBA loan applicants that such actions are hazardous to both life and property and should be avoided. The additional cost of flood preventive construction must be considered in addition to the possible loss of all assets and investments due to a future flood.

Occupational Safety and Health Act (15 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) -- This legislation authorizes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration in the Department of Labor to require businesses to modify facilities and procedures to protect employees or pay penalty fees. Businesses can be forced to cease operations or be prevented from starting operations in a new facility. Therefore, SBA may require additional information from an applicant to determine whether the business will be in compliance with OSHA regulations and allowed to operate its facility after the loan is approved and disbursed. Signing this form as an applicant is certification that the OSHA requirements that apply to the applicant business have been determined and that the applicant, to the best of its knowledge, is in compliance. Furthermore, applicant certifies that it will remain in compliance during the life of the loan.

Civil Rights Legislation -- All businesses receiving SBA financial assistance must agree not to discriminate in any business practice, including employment practices and services to the public on the basis of categories cited in 13 C.F.R., Parts 112, 113, and 117 of SBA Regulations. This includes making their goods and services available to handicapped clients or customers. All business borrowers will be required to display the "Equal Employment Opportunity Poster" prescribed by SBA.

Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. 1691) -- The Federal Equal Credit Opportunity Act prohibits creditors from discriminating against credit applicants on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, marital status or age (provided the applicant has the capacity to enter into a binding contract); because all or part of the applicant's income derives from any public assistance program, or because the applicant has in good faith exercised any right under the Consumer Credit Protection Act.

Executive Order 11738 -- Environmental Protection (38 F.R. 251621) -- The Executive Order charges SBA with administering its loan programs in a manner that will result in effective enforcement of the Clean Air Act, the Federal Water Pollution Act and other environment protection legislation.

Debt Collection Act of 1982, Deficit Reduction Act of 1984 (31 U.S.C. 3701 et seq. and other titles) -- These laws require SBA to collect aggressively any loan payments which become delinquent. SBA must obtain your taxpayer identification number when you apply for a loan. If you receive a loan, and do not make payments as they come due, SBA may take one or more of the following actions: (1) report the status of your loan(s) to credit bureaus, (2) hire a collection agency to collect your loan, (3) offset your income tax refund or other amounts due to you from the Federal Government, (4) suspend or debar you or your company from doing business with the Federal Government, (5) refer your loan to the Department of Justice or other attorneys for litigation, (6) foreclose on collateral or take other action permitted in the loan instruments, or (7) if you default on an SBA loan and fail to fully reimburse SBA for any resulting loss, refer you to the computer database of delinquent Federal debtors maintained by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, or other Federal agency, which may disqualify you from receiving financial assistance from other Federal agencies. In addition, unless SBA is reimbursed in full for the loss, you will not be eligible for additional SBA financial assistance.

Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (Pub. L. 99-603) -- If you are an alien who was in this country illegally since before January 1, 1982, you may have been granted lawful temporary resident status by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service pursuant to the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986. For five years from the date you are granted such status, you are not eligible for financial assistance from the SBA in the form of a loan guaranty under Section 7(a) of the Small Business Act unless you are disabled or a Cuban or Haitian entrant. When you sign this document, you are making the certification that the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 does not apply to you, or if it does apply, more than five years have elapsed since you have been granted lawful temporary resident status pursuant to such 1986 legislation.

Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821 et seq.) -- Borrowers using SBA funds for the construction or rehabilitation of a residential structure are prohibited from using lead-based paint (as defined in SBA regulations) on all interior surfaces, whether accessible or not, and exterior surfaces, such as stairs, decks, porches, railings, windows and doors, which are readily accessible to children under 7 years of age. A "residential structure" is any home, apartment, hotel, motel, orphanage, boarding school, dormitory, day care center, extended care facility, college or other school housing, hospital, group practice or community facility and all other residential or institutional structures where persons reside.

Executive Order 12549, Debarment and Suspension (2 CFR 180, adopted by reference in 2 CFR Part 2700 (SBA Debarment Regulations)) -- By submission of this loan application, you certify and acknowledge that neither you nor any Principals have within the past three years been: (a) debarred, suspended, declared ineligible from participating in, or voluntarily excluded from participation in a transaction by any Federal department or agency; (b) formally proposed for debarment, with a final determination still pending; (c) indicted, convicted, or had a civil judgment rendered against you for any of the offenses listed in the Regulations; or (d) delinquent on any amounts due and owing to the U.S. Government or its agencies or instrumentalities as of the date of execution of this certification.

If you are unable to certify and acknowledge (a) through (d), you must obtain and attach a written statement of exception from SBA permitting participation in this loan. You further certify that you have not and will not knowingly enter into any agreement in connection with the goods and/or services purchased with the proceeds of this loan with any individual or entity that has been debarred, suspended, declared ineligible from participating in, or voluntarily excluded from participation in a Transaction. All capitalized terms have the meanings set forth in 2 C.F.R. Part 180.